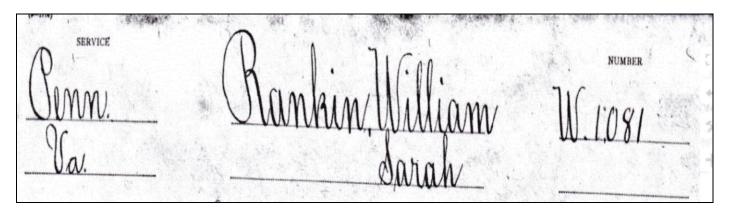
WILLIAM RANKIN



William Rankin appears on the 1835 Pensioners Roster. His rank was Private and Quartermaster of the North Carolina Militia, age 76. He was among the very earliest settlers in what would become Tennessee.

These were very dangerous times - the times of the most famous woman in early Tennessee History, who was Nancy Ward, a Cherokee Woman known for her kindness and protectiveness shown to the 'newcomers' of this land.

William barters with the Indians

" Extracted from Tennessee by Williams" About 1775 during the infancy of the settlements on Nollichucky [known by some as Watauga and Carters Valley], corn became scarce and, availing themselves of a short suspension of hostilities, Jeremiah Jack & WILLIAM RANKIN descended the river in a canoe to barter with the Indians for corn. They reached Coiatee (Kaia-a-tee) without interruption. The warriors of that place refused to exchange or sell the corn and manifested other signs of suspicion, if not of open enmity. They entered the canoe and lifted up some wearing apparel lying in it and which covered some rifles. This discovery increased the unwillingness of the Indians to trade and they began to show a disposition to offer violence to their visitants. The Beloved Woman, Nancy Ward, happily was present, and was able by her commanding influence to appease their wrath and to bring about a friendlier feeling between the parties. Little Indians were soon clad in homemade vestments brought by the traders. The canoe was filled with corn, and the white men started on their return voyage well pleased with the exchange they had made and especially with the kind offices of the Beloved Woman

🗰 Date: ABT 1775

- **Place:** Nollichucky Settlement
- Description: William & the 'Beloved Woman', Nancy Ward

Not known to shy away from danger, William Rankin fathered sons of the same disposition and character. Two of these sons served in the War of 1812. Son, Anthony Boon Rankin [1794-1872] is buried in Timber Ridge cemetery as are many of his Family. Son, John Moore Rankin [1792-1844] went on to Missouri, where he is buried in Weir Cemetery in Dade County.

Included in the Pension File is a Record of the children of William and Sarah Moore Rankin:

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Thomas Mankin Born 15 july 118 Deggey Manhin Born 1, Jang 1990 John Moore Bankin Born 10 April 1792 Anthony Bankin Born 25 August 1894 Ifabel Clindinon Manthin Bounds Aug sigs Villiam Mankin Born 23, March 5799 Ginny Stankin Born 17, Spor 1805 aver Boankin Born 10, Traby 1804

7049. Songborond Sermetre William Rankin Jana luin widow of forillian of thesene les in the State of Commeter Rankin who was a privat liftmin the anihant who served in the Revolutionary Jenn - in the ma by war; as a g time por of months 23 days for Inscribed on the Rollat the rate of 15 Dollars St Invested on the Roll of Sumafree . Cents per annum, to commence on as the rate of 45. Dollars 188 Cents per ann the 4th day of March, 1848. to commence on the 4th day of March, 1831. Certificate of Pension issued the Corrigicates of Pension issued she 27 the day of Sala day of Ho. Ont Blair. A of Reg and sent to Arrears to Ash of March 1133 ... Someant. allowance ending & Saft 133! 22. Sevelationary Claim, Act June 7, 1832. Recorded on Roll of Pensioners February 2. 1848, Page 304 Willi any Cieri Recorded by W. Book & Vol. 6 Page 132

Pension application of William Rankin W1081 Transcribed by Will Graves

Sarah

f50PA/VA 6/6/12

[Methodology: Spelling, punctuation and/or grammar have been corrected in some instances for ease of reading and to facilitate searches of the database. Where the meaning is not compromised by adhering to the spelling, punctuation or grammar, no change has been made. Corrections or additional notes have been inserted within brackets or footnotes. Blanks appearing in the transcripts reflect blanks in the original. A bracketed question mark indicates that the word or words preceding it represent(s) a guess by me. Only materials pertinent to the military service of the veteran and to contemporary events have been transcribed. Affidavits that provide additional information on these events are included and genealogical information is abstracted, while standard, 'boilerplate' affidavits and attestations related solely to the application, and later nineteenth and twentieth century research requests for information have been omitted. I use speech recognition software to make all my transcriptions. Such software misinterprets my southern accent with unfortunate regularity and my poor proofreading fails to catch all misinterpretations. Also, dates or numbers which the software treats as numerals rather than words are not corrected: for example, the software transcribes "the eighth of June one thousand eighty six" as "the 8th of June 1786." Please call errors or omissions to my attention.]

[f p. 11]

State of Tennessee Greene County: October Sessions 1832

On this 23rd day of October 1832 personally appeared in Open Court before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County aforesaid William Rankin a resident Citizen of Greene County aforesaid aged seventy-four years the 27th of January [indecipherable word]¹ who being first duly sworn according to law doth on his oath make the following declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the Act of Congress passed 7th of June 1832. That he was born in Cumberland County Pennsylvania five miles below Carlisle and raised there till twelve years of age and then moved to Jurriatta [?]² in the same County where he continued until the War of the Revolution had progressed some time. He entered the service of the United States under the following named officers and served as herein after stated to wit, in the year 1779 in the month of August he volunteered and served a Campaign against the Indians and British who had taken Freeland's Fort and committed much depredations in the quarter of this Country and pursued the enemy some fifty or more miles and after considerable roting [sic ?] and fatigue returned to the place from whence he started and was out two weeks, and perhaps three weeks or more.

Shortly after that campaign perhaps one month or less he was drafted to serve two months in the same Section of the State against the same enemy and was stationed at or near Freeland's Fort and was continued in that campaign his full time ranging the Country and guarding the frontier settlements his Officers' names on the Campaign he cannot state except he believes Ensign George Dickey was in command who was from the neighborhood of Carlisle.

In the summer of 1780 in the month of June his father Thomas Rankin and family and this applicant moved to Augusta County Virginia near Staunton and soon after perhaps in the fall he was drafted to serve three months and after they rendezvoused he was selected to drive and take charge of a baggage wagon and team and was then marched to Richmond with the troops, the officers and men all being strangers to him and for which reason he cannot now name the officers under whom he entered the Service at that time. When the troops marched to Richmond Virginia the Applicant was present and continued in the baggage wagon Department and performed a trip with warlike stores to Staunton River on the borders of North Carolina and after unloading at Staunton River they returned to Richmond and then were discharged and returned home having been out seven weeks or more. He remembers he arrived home on Christmas day.

In the summer of 1781 he was again drafted for twenty days and during that time was the battles of hot water [also called the battle of Spencer's Tavern, June 26, 1781] and James Town [perhaps a reference to the engagement known as the battle of Jamestown Ford, July 6, 1781] in June and July he will was one of the detached party who made the assault on the British picket at James Town and brought on the battle under Major Ruchard a Continental Officer though his name may have been Richard and after the battle was brought home he was during the battle on the right wing and he was one of the last man who left the ground. Generals Lafayette and Wayne commanded in that battle.

About the first of September 1781 he was appointed by Quarter Master Hunter at Staunton a quartermaster to take charge of the baggage wagons to take provisions to Richmond and after conducting the wagons with provisions to Richmond he was then reappointed to the same command by Major Claiborne Quarter master at Richmond to continue on with the provisions to the Army having had a wagons under his command from Richmond he went with his wagons to Williamsburg where he received fresh orders from Colonel Carrington. He then loaded his wagons with military Stores and marched to Yorktown and was then in the main Army at the Siege of York when his wagons and [he] was then under the command of Captain Stuart wagon master general and remained there in that service until 8 days after the surrender of Lord Cornwallis [October 19, 1781]. After the surrender he assisted to haul the munitions [of] war to the wharf from there he was sent in charge of a wagon loaded by Major Claiborne to Richmond and then returned to Staunton which ended his military career having served in that service 2 months or more. Near York town General Washington halted say about 5 miles from the Town and the wagons under the command of this Applicant and munitions laid within about 10 rods of his tent until the Army drove in the British outposts. He served 9 1/2 months altogether to the best of his knowledge. He has no witness to prove his service except the Affidavits of Francis A. McCorkle & James McGill hereto annexed and he has not any documentary evidence to prove his service as he never received any written discharges. And he hereby relinquishes every claim to a pension whatever except the present and declares that his name is not on the pension roll of any State or its Agency. Sworn to and subscribed in open Court this 23rd day of October 1832 S/M. Payne, D.C. S/ William Rankin

1832 Milliam Mankin

We Francis A McCorkle and James Magill resident citizens of said County do hereby certify that we are well acquainted with William Rankin who has sworn to and subscribed the foregoing declaration and that we believe him to be 74 years of age as he has stated and that it is reputed and believed in his neighborhood that he was a soldier of the revolution and we concur in that opinion. Sworn to and subscribed this 23rd day of October 1832

Francis A M Contel

James Maque

[f p. 5: On March 25, 1844 in Greene County Tennessee, Sarah Rankin, 81, filed for a widow's

pension under the 1838 act stating that she is the widow of William Rankin, a revolutionary war pensioner; that she married him August 29, 1787; that her husband died December 13, 1833.

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[Facts in file: Veteran married Sarah Moore born July, 1763; they had the following children Thomas born July 13, 1788 Peggey born January 1 1790 John Moore born April 10, 1792 Anthony born August 23, 1794 Isabel Clindinon born August 30, 1796 William born March 23, 1799 Ginny born November 17, 1801 David born February 10, 1804.]

[f p. 22: copy of a marriage bond dated August 24, 1787 issued in Greene County Tennessee to William Rankin and David Moore conditioned upon the marriage of William Rankin to Sarah Moore.]

[Veteran was pensioned at the rate of \$45.88 per annum commencing March 4th, 1831, for service as a private & quarter master for 9 months and 23 days in the Virginia militia. His widow was pensioned in a like amount.

Sarah Moore Rankin was the daughter of Anthony Moore, a Revolutionary War soldier.

Excerpted from Historic Greene County and Its People, pg 242-243

Anthony Moore, is described in *Goodspeed's East Tennessee* as the first permanent settler of Greene County. Anthony was born in Northampton County, Pennsylvania in 1725. During the year 1778, Anthony led a colony of hardy immigrants to the great unknown wilderness west of the Alleganies. Tradition says the first preaching in Greene County was in his house. A daughter was the first white child born in Greene County.

Anthony Moore was a Founding Elder of the Mount Bethel Presbyterian Church. The ancient graveyard is located on today's Tusculum Blvd., in the heart of Greeneville, has been preserved.

Today, Anthony's farm is at the intersection of the 11E and Morgan Road, where the new shopping center, Morgan Square, is being developed.

[For additional information see Anthony Moore, a Revolutionary War Soldier.]

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